Company limited by guarantee and not having a share capital

ARTICLES of ASSOCIATION

of

Fort Augustus & Glenmoriston Community Company

THE COMPANIES ACT 2006

Company Limited by Guarantee and not having a Share Capital

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION

Fort Augustus & Glenmoriston Community Company

Section A

	NAME
1.	The name of the company is "Fort Augustus & Glenmoriston Community Company" ("the Company").
	REGISTERED OFFICE
2.	The Registered Office of the Company is situated in Scotland.
	ODITION OF THE PROPERTY OF THE
	OBJECTS
3.	The Company has been formed to benefit the community of Fort Augustus and
	Glenmoriston (including the Fort Augustus and Glenmoriston Community Council Area)
	as defined by the postcode units IV63 7AB, IV63 7YA, IV63 7YD, IV63 7YE, IV63 7YF,
	IV63 7YG, IV63 7YH, IV63 7YJ, IV63 7YL, IV63 7YN, IV63 7YQ, PH32 4AU, PH32 4AY,
	PH32 4BA, PH32 4BB, PH32 4BD, PH32 4BG, PH32 4BH, PH32 4BJ, PH32 4BN, PH32 4BP,
	PH32 4BQ, PH32 4BT, PH32 4BU, PH32 4BW, PH32 4BX, PH32 4BY, PH32 4BZ, PH32
	4DD, PH32 4DE, PH32 4DF, PH32 4DG, PH32 4DH, PH32 4DJ, PH32 4DL, PH32 4DN,
	PH32 4DP, PH32 4DQ, PH32 4DR, PH32 4DS, PH32 4DT, PH32 4DW, PH32 4DX, PH35
	4HN & PH35 4HT
	("the Community") with the following objects ("the Objects"):

To promote for the public benefit rural regeneration, following principles of 3.1 sustainable development, where 'sustainable development' means development which meets the needs of the present without compromising the ability of future generations to meet their own needs, in areas of social and economic deprivation within the Community by all or any of the following means: (a) the relief of poverty in such ways as may be thought fit; (b) the relief of unemployment in such ways as may be thought fit, including assistance to find employment; (c) the advancement of education, training or retraining, particularly amongst unemployed people, and providing unemployed people with work experience; (d) the creation of training and employment opportunities by the provision of workspace, buildings and/or land for use on favourable terms; (e) the provision of housing for those who are in conditions of need and the improvement of housing in the public sector or in charitable ownership provided that such power shall not extend to relieving any local authorities or other bodies of a statutory duty to provide or improve housing; (f) the maintenance, improvement or provision of public amenities; (g) the preservation of buildings or sites of historic or architectural importance; (h) the provision or assistance in the provision of recreational facilities for the public at large and/or those who, by reasons of their youth, age, infirmity or disablement, poverty or social and economic circumstances, have need of such (i) the protection or conservation of the environment; (j) the provision of public health facilities and childcare. 3.2 To advance the education of the Community about its environment, culture and/or history. **POWERS** 4 The Company shall have the following powers, but only in furtherance of the Objects (and wherein reference to "property" means any property, assets or rights, heritable or moveable, wherever situated). General 4.1 To encourage and develop a spirit of voluntary or other commitment by, or co-operation with, individuals, unincorporated associations, societies, federations, partnerships, corporate bodies, agencies, undertakings, local authorities, unions, co-operatives, trusts and others and any groups or groupings thereof willing to assist the Company to achieve the Objects. 4.2 To promote and carry out research, surveys and investigations and to promote, develop and manage initiatives, projects and programmes. 4.3 To provide advice, consultancy, training, tuition, expertise and assistance. To prepare, organise, promote and implement training courses, exhibitions, lectures, 4.4 seminars, conferences, events and workshops, to collect, collate, disseminate and exchange information and to prepare, produce, edit, publish, exhibit and distribute articles, pamphlets, books and other publications, tapes, motion and still pictures, music and drama and other materials, all in any medium. To establish and support any association or incorporated body having objects altogether or in part 4.5 similar to those of the Company and to promote any company or other incorporated body formed for the purpose of carrying on any activity which the Company is authorised to carry on.

4.6.1	To register an interest in land and to exercise the right to buy under Part 2 of the Land
	Reform (Scotland) Act 2003 including any statutory amendment or re-enactment thereof
1.60	for the time being in force (the "Land Reform Act")
4.6.2	To purchase, take on lease, hire, or otherwise acquire any property suitable for the
	Company and to construct, convert, improve, develop, conserve, maintain, alter and
	demolish any buildings or erections whether of a permanent or temporary nature, and
	manage and operate or arrange for the professional or other appropriate management and operation of the Company's property.
4.7	To sell, let, hire, license, give in exchange and otherwise dispose of all or any part of the
4.7	property of the Company.
4.8	To establish and administer a building fund or funds or guarantee fund or funds or
1.0	endowment fund or funds.
	Employment
4.9	To employ, contract with, train and pay such staff (whether employed or self-employed)
1.7	as are considered appropriate for the proper conduct of the activities of the Company.
	Funding and Financial
4.10	To take such steps as may be deemed appropriate for the purpose of raising funds for the
	activities of the Company.
4.11	To accept subscriptions, grants, donations, gifts, legacies and endowments of all kinds,
	either absolutely or conditionally or in trust.
4.12	To borrow or raise money for the Objects and to give security in support of any such
	borrowings by the Company and/or in support of any obligations undertaken by the
	Company.
4.13	To set aside funds not immediately required as a reserve or for specific purposes.
4.14	To invest any funds which are not immediately required for the activities of the Company
	in such investments as may be considered appropriate, which may be held in the name of
	a nominee Company under the instructions of the Board of Directors, and to dispose of,
<i>1</i> 1 E	and vary, such investments.
4.15	To make grants or loans of money and to give guarantees. Development
4.16	To establish, manage and/or support any other charitable organisation, and to make
4.10	donations for any charitable purpose falling within the Objects.
4.17	To establish, operate and administer and/or otherwise acquire any separate trading
	company or association, whether charitable or not.
4.18	To enter into any arrangement with any organisation, government or authority which
	may be advantageous for the purposes of the activities of the Company and to enter into
	any arrangement for co-operation, mutual assistance, or sharing profit with any
	charitable organisation.
4.19	To enter into contracts to provide services to or on behalf of others.
	Insurance and Protection
4.20	To effect insurance of all kinds (which may include indemnity insurance in respect of
4.01	Directors and employees).
4.21	To oppose, or object to, any application or proceedings which may prejudice the interests
	of the Company. Ancillary
4.22	To pay the costs of forming the Company and its subsequent development.
4.22	To carry out the Objects as principal, agent, contractor, trustee or in any other capacity.
4.23	To do anything which may be incidental or conducive to the Objects so long as these are
7,47	charitable.

	CONICTE A INITE ON DETLIENCE TO MEMBERS
5.1	CONSTRAINTS ON RETURNS TO MEMBERS The income and property of the Company shall be applied solely towards promoting the
3.1	Objects and do not belong to the members. Any surplus income or assets of the Company
	are to be applied for the benefit of the Community.
5.2	No part of the income or property of the Company shall be paid or transferred (directly
5.2	or indirectly) to the members of the Company, or to any other individual, whether by
	way of dividend, bonus or otherwise, except in relation to Article 5.4 of Section A.
5.3	No Director shall be appointed as a paid employee of the Company.
5.4	No benefit (whether in money or in kind) shall be given by the Company to any member
J.4	or Director except the possibility of:
5.4.1	repayment of out-of-pocket expenses to Directors (subject to prior agreement by the
3.4.1	Board of Directors); or
5.4.2	reasonable remuneration to any member or Director in return for specific services
3.4.2	actually rendered to the Company (not being of a management nature normally
	carried out by a director of a company); or
5.4.3	payment of interest at a rate not exceeding the commercial rate on money lent to the
3.4.3	Company by any member or Director; or
5.4.4	payment of rent at a rate not exceeding the open market rent for property let to the
J.1.1	Company by any member or Director; or
5.4.5	the purchase of property from any member or Director provided that such purchase is
0.1.0	at or below market value or the sale of property to any member or Director provided
	that such sale is at or above market value.
	and in any such event the terms of Articles 39 – 41 of Section B shall specifically apply.
	and many such event the terms of fittees of all of section some openically upply.
	LIMIT OF LIABILITY
6.1	The liability of all members of the Company is limited.
6.2	Every member of the Company undertakes to contribute such amount as may be required
	(not exceeding £1) to the property of the Company if it should be wound up whilst he,
	(not exceeding £1) to the property of the Company if it should be wound up whilst he, she or it is a member or within one year after he, she or it ceases to be a member (for
	(not exceeding £1) to the property of the Company if it should be wound up whilst he, she or it is a member or within one year after he, she or it ceases to be a member (for whatever reason), for payment of its debts and liabilities contracted before he, she or it
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7.1	(not exceeding £1) to the property of the Company if it should be wound up whilst he, she or it is a member or within one year after he, she or it ceases to be a member (for whatever reason), for payment of its debts and liabilities contracted before he, she or it ceases to be a member, and of the costs, charges and expenses of winding up. DISSOLUTION The winding-up of the Company may take place only on the decision of not less than 75%
7.1	(not exceeding £1) to the property of the Company if it should be wound up whilst he, she or it is a member or within one year after he, she or it ceases to be a member (for whatever reason), for payment of its debts and liabilities contracted before he, she or it ceases to be a member, and of the costs, charges and expenses of winding up. DISSOLUTION The winding-up of the Company may take place only on the decision of not less than 75% of its Ordinary Members who are present and voting at a General Meeting called
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	(not exceeding £1) to the property of the Company if it should be wound up whilst he, she or it is a member or within one year after he, she or it ceases to be a member (for whatever reason), for payment of its debts and liabilities contracted before he, she or it ceases to be a member, and of the costs, charges and expenses of winding up. DISSOLUTION The winding-up of the Company may take place only on the decision of not less than 75% of its Ordinary Members who are present and voting at a General Meeting called specifically (but not necessarily exclusively) for the purpose. If, on the winding-up of the Company, any property remains, after satisfaction of all its debts and liabilities, such property (including any land acquired by it in terms of the Land Reform Act) shall be given or transferred to such other community body or bodies or crofting community body or bodies as may be: determined by not less than 75% of the Ordinary Members of the Company who are
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	(not exceeding £1) to the property of the Company if it should be wound up whilst he, she or it is a member or within one year after he, she or it ceases to be a member (for whatever reason), for payment of its debts and liabilities contracted before he, she or it ceases to be a member, and of the costs, charges and expenses of winding up. DISSOLUTION The winding-up of the Company may take place only on the decision of not less than 75% of its Ordinary Members who are present and voting at a General Meeting called specifically (but not necessarily exclusively) for the purpose. If, on the winding-up of the Company, any property remains, after satisfaction of all its debts and liabilities, such property (including any land acquired by it in terms of the Land Reform Act) shall be given or transferred to such other community body or bodies or crofting community body or bodies as may be: determined by not less than 75% of the Ordinary Members of the Company who are present and voting at a General Meeting called specifically (but not necessarily exclusively) for the purpose; and approved thereafter by the Scottish Ministers; under declaration that, if the Company is a charity at or before the time of its winding up,
	(not exceeding £1) to the property of the Company if it should be wound up whilst he, she or it is a member or within one year after he, she or it ceases to be a member (for whatever reason), for payment of its debts and liabilities contracted before he, she or it ceases to be a member, and of the costs, charges and expenses of winding up. **DISSOLUTION** The winding-up of the Company may take place only on the decision of not less than 75% of its Ordinary Members who are present and voting at a General Meeting called specifically (but not necessarily exclusively) for the purpose. If, on the winding-up of the Company, any property remains, after satisfaction of all its debts and liabilities, such property (including any land acquired by it in terms of the Land Reform Act) shall be given or transferred to such other community body or bodies or crofting community body or bodies as may be: determined by not less than 75% of the Ordinary Members of the Company who are present and voting at a General Meeting called specifically (but not necessarily exclusively) for the purpose; and approved thereafter by the Scottish Ministers;

7.3	If no such community body or crofting community body is determined by the Ordinary Members and approved by the Scottish Ministers in terms of Article 7.2 of Section A, such property referred to in Article 7.2 of Section A shall, if not charitable, be transferred to the
	Scottish Ministers or , if charitable, to such charity or charities as the Scottish Ministers
	may direct.
7.4	In Articles 7.2 and 7.3 of Section A "community body" and "crofting community body"
	have the meanings ascribed to them respectively in sections 34 and 71 of the Land Reform
	Act and "charity" has the meaning ascribed to it in section 34(8) of the Land Reform Act.
	INTERPRETATION
8	For the avoidance of doubt the definitions included in Article 2 of Section B are
	incorporated into Section A.

Section	Section B		
	DEFINITIONS and INTRODUCTORY		
1	These Articles supersede any model Articles contained within the Act or any regulations pertaining thereto. Subject as aforesaid, any words or expressions defined in the Act shall, if not inconsistent with the subject or context, bear the same meanings in the Articles.		
2	In these Articles of Association, the following definitions apply throughout:		
	"Act" means the Companies Act 2006 as amended and every statutory modification and re-enactment thereof for the time being in force.		
	"AGM" means an Annual General Meeting.		
	"Article(s)" means this or these Articles of Association.		
	"Board" means the Board of Directors.		
	"Clear days" means a period excluding the day when notice is given and the day of the meeting.		
	"Community" means the community area described in Article 3 of Section A of these Articles.		
	"Director(s)" means the director(s) for the time being of the Company. "EGM" means an Extraordinary General Meeting.		
	"Land Reform Act" means the Land Reform (Scotland) Act 2003 and every statutory		
	modification or re-enactment thereof for the time being in force. "Organisation" means any unincorporated association, society, federation, partnership, corporate body, agency, undertaking, local authority, union, co-operative, trust or other organisation (not being an individual person).		
	"Property" means any property, assets or rights, heritable or moveable, wherever situated in the world.		
	"Subscribers" means those persons who have subscribed to these Articles.		
	"Reporting Accountant" means a suitably qualified person to examine and report on the accounts of the Company in accordance with the Act		
3	Words importing the singular number only shall include the plural number, and <i>vice versa</i> ; and words importing the masculine gender only shall include the feminine gender.		
4	The Company is established to achieve the Objects.		
	GENERAL STRUCTURE OF THE COMPANY		
5	The structure of the Company comprises:		

5.1	Members - comprising Ordinary Members (who have the right to attend the AGM and any EGM and have important powers under these Articles and the Act, who elect people to serve as Directors and take decisions in relation to any changes to these Articles) and the Associate Members; and
5.2	Directors - who hold regular meetings between each AGM, set the strategy and policy of the Company, generally control and supervise the activities of the Company and, in particular, are responsible for monitoring its financial position and, where there are no employees or managers appointed, are responsible also for the day-to-day management of the Company.
	MEMBERSHIP
6	The members of the Company shall consist of the Subscribers (being those Ordinary Members who sign the original Memorandum and Articles of Association) and such other persons and organisations as are admitted to membership in terms of these Articles.
7	Membership of the Company is open to:
7.1	Ordinary Members: those individuals aged 16 and over who:
	(a) are ordinarily resident in the Community; and(b) are entitled to vote at a local government election in a polling district that
	includes the Community or part of it; and
	(c) who support the Objects; declaring that, Ordinary members under the age of 18 cannot stand for election to the
	Board. If an Ordinary Member ceases to comply with these criteria, he or she will be
	reclassified as an Associate Member and be notified of this by the Company.
7.2	Associate Members: those individuals who are not ordinarily resident in the
	Community <u>and those organisations wherever located</u> that support the Objects. Associate Members are neither eligible to stand for election to the Board nor to vote at any General Meeting. Each associate member which is an organisation shall appoint
	one named authorised representative to represent and act for such associate member at
	all General Meetings. Any change in the appointment of an authorised representative may be made at any time by the appointing associate member, but only by written notice to the Company. Such notice will take effect upon its receipt by the Company.
8	The following conditions apply to membership:
8.1	The Company shall have not fewer than 20 members at any time; and
8.2	The majority of the members of the Company shall consist of Ordinary Members;
	and, in the event that the number of members falls below 20 or that the majority of
	members of the Company does not consist of Ordinary Members, the Board may not
	conduct any business other than to ensure the admission of sufficient Ordinary Members
9	to achieve the minimum number and/or maintain the majority. The Board shall promptly consider applications for membership, made in such written
	form as it shall prescribe from time to time, determining if the terms of Article 7 of Section
	B apply and into which category of membership each applicant shall belong, and
	immediately thereafter shall approve any valid application provided the applicant is not
	excluded by virtue of Article 8 of Section B or has previously been a member of the
10	Company and excluded from membership by virtue of Article 14 of Section B.
10	The Board shall maintain a Register of Members, setting out the name and postal address of each member, the relative category of membership and the date of the member's
	appointment.

	MEMBERSHIP SUBSCRIPTIONS
11	The Ordinary Members may at any or each AGM fix the annual subscriptions (and relevant, different rates thereof for different categories).
12	Members shall be required to pay the appropriate annual membership subscription, where fixed. Only those members who have paid their current subscription, where fixed, are entitled to take part in and vote at any General Meeting.
13	An individual who, or organisation which, ceases to be a member (for whatever reason) shall not be entitled to any refund of membership subscription.
	CESSATION OF MEMBERSHIP
14	A member shall cease to be a member if:
14.1	he, she or it sends written notice of resignation to the Company; or
14.2	being an individual, he or she becomes insolvent or apparently insolvent or makes any arrangement with his or her creditors; or
14.3	being an organisation, it goes into receivership, goes into liquidation, dissolves or otherwise ceases to exist (the right of membership not being assignable); or
14.4	the annual subscription due remains outstanding for more than six calendar months (and provided that the member in question has been given at least one written reminder) and if the Board chooses to expel that member from membership; or
14.5	a resolution that a member be expelled is passed by a majority of at least 75% of the members present and voting at a General Meeting, of which not less than 21 days' previous notice specifying the intention to propose such resolution and the grounds on which it is proposed shall have been sent to all Directors, all members and the Company Secretary and also to the member whose removal is in question, such member being entitled to be heard at that meeting; or
14.6	being an individual, he or she dies (the right of membership not being assignable).
	GENERAL MEETINGS (Meetings of Members)
15	The Board shall convene an AGM in each year, at such time as it may determine, although the first AGM need not be held in the first year provided that it be held within 18 months after the date of incorporation of the Company. Thereafter, not more than 15 months shall elapse between one AGM and the holding of the next.
16	The business of each AGM shall include:
16.1	the report by the Chairman on the activities of the Company;
16.2	the election of Directors;
16.3	fixing of annual subscriptions;
16.4	the report of the Reporting Accountant
16.5	approval of the accounts of the Company; and
16.6	the appointment of the Reporting Accountant.
17	The provisions with regard to EGMs are as follows:
17.1	all General Meetings, other than AGMs, shall be called Extraordinary General Meetings;
	Meetings,

17.3	the Board must convene an EGM within 28 days of a valid requisition. To be valid, such requisition must be signed by not less than 10% of the Ordinary Members, must clearly state the objects of the meeting and must be delivered to the Registered Office or such other place as the Directors may intimate from time to time. The requisition may consist of several documents in like form each signed by one or more requisitionists.
18	Subject to the terms of Articles 68, 69 and 70 of Section B the provisions regarding notice of a General Meeting are as follows:
18.1	21 clear days' notice at the least shall be given of every General Meeting to each member, Director, the Company Secretary and the auditor;
18.2	the notice shall specify the place, the day and the hour of the General Meeting, the general nature of any business and the full text of any Special Resolutions in terms of Article 24 of Section B;
18.3	the accidental omission to give notice of a General Meeting to, or the non-receipt of such notice by, any members, persons or organisations entitled to receive notice thereof shall not invalidate any resolution passed at or proceedings of any General Meeting.
	CHAIRMAN OF GENERAL MEETINGS
19	The Chairman of the Company, whom failing the Vice-Chairman of the Company (if any), shall act as chairman of each General Meeting. If neither the Chairman nor the Vice-Chairman is present or willing to act as chairman of the meeting within 15 minutes after the time at which the General Meeting in question was due to commence, the Directors present shall elect from among themselves one of the Elected Directors who will act as chairman of that meeting.
20	QUORUM AT GENERAL MEETINGS The quorum for a General Meeting shall be the greater of (a) 10 Ordinary Members or (b) 10% of the Ordinary Members, in either event being present in person or by proxy. No business shall be dealt with at any General Meeting unless a quorum is present.
21	If a quorum is not present within 15 minutes after the time at which the General Meeting was due to commence - or if, during a General Meeting, a quorum ceases to be present - the General Meeting shall stand adjourned to such time and place as may be fixed by the chairman of the meeting.
	MOMPHIC AT CENTER AT MEETINGS
22	VOTING AT GENERAL MEETINGS The chairman of the meeting shall endeavour to achieve consensus wherever possible
23	but, if necessary, questions arising shall be decided by being put to the vote. The provisions regarding voting are as follows:
	The provincin reguranty voing are as follows.

23.1	each Ordinary Member shall have one vote, to be exercised in person by a show of hands (unless a secret ballot is demanded by the chairman of the meeting, or by at least two Ordinary Members present at the meeting and entitled to vote, which may be demanded only before any show of hands takes place and shall be taken immediately at the same meeting, shall be conducted in such a manner as the chairman of the meeting may direct and the result of which shall be declared at the same meeting at which the ballot was demanded and, in that event, the chairman of the meeting shall appoint and instruct tellers, who may cast their own personal votes if Ordinary Members);
23.2	Associate Members shall have no vote;

- 23.3 An Ordinary Member shall be entitled to complete one form of proxy to appoint a proxy to attend a General Meeting on his or her behalf, in respect of which the following apply: (a) A proxy need not be a member. (b) A proxy appointed to attend and vote at any meeting instead of an Ordinary Member shall have the same right as the Ordinary Member who appointed him or her to speak at the meeting and to vote thereat. (c) The form appointing the Proxy shall be in the following form: Name of company: I..... of..... being an Ordinary Member of the above Company hereby appoint..... , of and, failing him or her, ••••••• of..... as my proxy to vote for me on my behalf at the (Annual/Extraordinary) meeting of the Company to be held on..... and at any adjournment thereof. This form is to be used in favour of/against the resolution. Signed......day of Signature of member appointing proxy The form appointing a proxy and the power of attorney or other authority (if any) under which it is signed or a certified copy thereof shall be lodged at the Registered Office, or such other place as the Directors may intimate from time to time, not less than forty-eight
 - hours before the time appointed for holding the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the person named in the form proposes to vote, and in default the instrument of proxy shall not be treated as valid.

No instrument appointing a proxy shall be valid after the expiration of twelve months from the date of its execution, unless it expressly states to the contrary, in which event it shall be treated as valid until rescinded by the granter in writing at the Registered Office or such other place as the Directors may intimate from time to time. A vote given in accordance with the terms of a form of proxy shall be (f) valid notwithstanding the previous death or insanity of the principal or revocation of the proxy or of the authority under which the proxy was executed, provided that no intimation in writing of the death, insanity or revocation as aforesaid shall have been received at the Registered Office or such other place as the Directors may intimate from time to time before the commencement of the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the proxy is used (not having been deliberately withheld). 23.4 in the event of an equal number of votes for and against any resolution, the chairman of the meeting shall have a casting vote as well as any deliberative vote. At any General Meeting a resolution put to the vote of the meeting shall be voted 24 upon by a simple majority of the Ordinary Members who are present and voting thereon, except for decisions relating to any of the following Special Resolutions, which shall require to be decided upon by not less than 75% of the Ordinary Members present and voting thereon (no account therefore being taken of members who abstain from voting or who are absent from the meeting), namely: 24.1 to alter the name of the Company; or 24.2 to amend the Objects; or 24.3 to amend these Articles (subject to Article 72 of Section B); or 24.4 to wind up of the Company in terms of Clause 7 of Section A of these Articles; or 24.5 all other Special Resolutions. 25 A resolution in writing signed by or on behalf of all or a sufficient majority of the Ordinary Members (as specified in terms of Article 24 of Section B) shall be as valid and effective as if the same had been passed at a General Meeting of the Company duly convened and held. Such resolution may consist of several documents in the same form, each signed by or on behalf of one or more Ordinary Members. The chairman of the General Meeting may, with the consent of a majority of the 26 Ordinary Members present and voting thereat, adjourn the General Meeting to such time and place as he or she may determine. APPOINTMENT OF DIRECTORS 27 The affairs, property and funds of the Company shall be directed and managed by a Board of Directors. The Board may exercise all such powers of the Company, and may on behalf of the Company do all acts as may be exercised and done by the Company, other than those required to be exercised or done by the Ordinary Members in a General Meeting, and subject always to these Articles and to the provisions of the Act. 28 The number of Directors shall be not less than five. Unless otherwise determined by special resolution at a General Meeting (but not retrospectively) the number of Directors shall not be more than Thirteen. The minimum age of a Director shall be 18 years and for the avoidance of doubt no Ordinary Member under the age of 18 years can be a Director (whether an Elected Director, Appointed Director or Co-opted Director).

	Interim Board
29	Upon incorporation of the Company, the following applies with regard to the Interim
	Board of Directors:
29.1	The Subscribers (all of whom must be Ordinary Members), and any one or more
	individual persons whom they choose to co-opt as Co-opted Directors in terms of
20.2	Article 34 of Section B, shall comprise the Interim Board.
29.2	The Interim Board shall remain in office until the first General Meeting of the
	Company, to be held as soon as practicable after incorporation, at which time each Director on the Interim Board shall retire, but may remain eligible for election
	thereat (without the period of office between the date of incorporation and the
	first General Meeting counting as a term of office for the purposes of Article 32.4
	of Section B).
30	Employees of the Company may not be nominated as or become Directors.
	Composition of the Board of Directors
31	From and after the first General Meeting of the Company, the Board shall comprise
	the following individual persons (a majority of whom shall always be Elected
	Directors), c:
31.1	up to nine individual persons elected as Directors by the Ordinary Members in
	terms of Article 32 of Section B ("the Elected Directors"), who must themselves be
	Ordinary Members; and
31.2	up to one individual person appointed by Fort Augustus and Glenmoriston
	Community Council in terms of Article 33 of Section B ("the Appointed
	Directors"); and
31.3	up to three individual persons co-opted in terms of Article 34 of Section B ("the
	Co-opted Directors"), so as to ensure a spread of skills and experience within the
	Board.
22	Elected Directors
32	At the first General Meeting held in terms of Articles 29.2 and 31 of Section B, the
	Ordinary Members shall elect up to nine Elected Directors, in respect of which the following shall apply:
32.1	provided that the first General Meeting in terms of Article 29.2 of Section B is held
32.1	before the first AGM, there shall be no change in or election of Directors at the
	first AGM (except to the extent of filling any vacancies in the Board left over after
	the first General Meeting or caused by any retirals since);
32.2	at the second and each subsequent AGM, one-third of the Elected Directors (or the
	nearest number upwards) shall retire from office;
32.3	a retiring Elected Director shall retain office until the close or adjournment of the
	meeting;
32.4	a retiring Elected Director shall be eligible for re-election after one term of office,
	but no Director can serve more than three consecutive terms of office, without at
	least one year out of office before being eligible again;
32.5	if no other Elected Director has or Elected Directors have decided or agreed to
	retire, the Elected Directors to retire at each AGM shall be those who have been
	longest in office since their last election but, as between persons who were elected
	or last re-elected Directors on the same day, the one or ones to retire shall (unless
	they otherwise agree amongst themselves) be determined by lot;

32.6	nomination of any Elected Director, who shall himself or herself be (or be eligible to become) an Ordinary Member, shall be in writing by not less than any two
	Ordinary Members delivered to the Registered Office or such other place as the
	Directors may intimate from time to time not less than 14 days prior to the date of
	the AGM in question and wherein the nominee shall confirm his or her
	willingness to act as an Elected Director if elected; and
32.7	election of any Elected Director shall be by vote of the Ordinary Members, each
	Ordinary Member having one vote for each vacancy in the Elected Directors on the Board.
	Appointed Director
33	Up to one individual may be appointed by Fort Augustus and Glenmoriston
	Community Council , in respect of which the following shall apply:
33.1	on receipt of the Notice for each AGM of the Company, including the first General
	Meeting held after incorporation, the said Fort Augustus and Glenmoriston
	Community Council (or its successors) intimate the Director being appointed by
	it at the AGM, by written notice delivered to the Registered Office or such other place as the Directors may intimate from time to time not less than 2 days before
	the start of the meeting, failing which any Director previously appointed by it
	shall remain in office; and
33.2	Fort Augustus and Glenmoriston Community Council (or its successors) may
	appoint or remove its appointed Director at any time, by written notice to that
	effect delivered to the Registered Office or such other place as the Directors may
	intimate from time to time not less than 2 days before the meeting at which the
	change is to take effect.
	Co-opted Directors
34	Up to three individuals may be co-opted from time to time by the Board of Directors itself, as follows:
34.1	subject to Article 34.3 of Section B, a Co-opted Director shall serve until the next AGM after his or her co-option;
34.2	a Co-opted Director can be re-co-opted at such next AGM;
34.3	a Co-opted Director can be removed from office at any time by a simple majority
	of the Board; and
34.4	for the avoidance of doubt, a Co-opted Director may participate fully in and vote
25	at all Board meetings which he or she attends.
35	The Board may from time to time fill any casual vacancy arising as a result of the retiral (or deemed retiral for any reason) of any Elected Director from or after the date
	of such retiral or deemed retiral until the next AGM.
36	The Board shall ensure that a Register of Directors is maintained, which sets out the
	full details of each Director as required for all registration purposes, including the
	date and type of appointment and the date of retiral.
	RETIRAL OF DIRECTORS
37	A Director shall retire or be deemed to retire if:
37.1	being an Elected Director, he or she ceases to be an Ordinary Member in terms of
	either Articles 7.1 or 14 of Section B;
37.2	he or she becomes prohibited from being a director of a limited company by
	reason of any order made under the Company Directors Disqualification Act 1986
	and every statutory modification and re-enactment thereof for the time being in
i	force; or

37.4	he or she is employed by or holds any office of profit under the Company (except where the provisions of Clause 5.4.2 of Section A shall apply); or
37.5	he or she becomes incapable for medical reasons of fulfilling the duties of a
	Director and such incapacity, as certified (if necessary) by two medical
	practitioners, is expected to continue for a period of more than six months from
	the date or later date of such certification; or
37.6	he or she is absent (without permission of the Board) from more than three
	consecutive meetings of the Board, and the Board resolves to remove him or her
	from office; or
37.7	by written notice to the Registered Office or such other place as the Directors may
	intimate from time to time, he or she resigns as a Director.
	CHAIRMAN AND VICE-CHAIRMAN
38	The Board shall meet as soon as practicable immediately after each AGM to appoint a
	Chairman, and if desired a Vice-Chairman, from the Directors (both of whom must be
	Ordinary Members).
	PERSONAL INTERESTS
39	Any Director and/or employee who has a personal interest in any prospective or
	actual contract or other arrangement with the Company must declare that interest
	either generally to the Board or specifically to any relevant meeting of the Company.
	A personal interest includes not only the interest of the Director or employee in
	question, but also his or her partner, close relative or business associate, or any firm of
	which he is a partner or employee, or any limited company of which he is a director,
	employee or shareholder of more than 5% of the equity.
40	Additionally, the Board may resolve at any time to require all Directors and
	employees to deliver a Notice of Relevant Interests to the Registered Office or such
	other place as the Directors may intimate from time to time, as they arise and at least
	annually. In that event, the Board shall determine from time to time what interests
	shall be relevant interests and shall ensure that a Register of Notices of Relevant
	Interests is maintained, which shall be open for inspection by both the Board and
	members of the Company and, with the express prior written approval of the Director
41	or employee concerned, by members of the public.
41	Whenever a Director finds that there is a personal interest, as defined in Article 39 of
	Section B, he or she has a duty to declare this to the Board meeting in question. It will
44.4	be up to the chairman of the meeting in question to determine:
41.1	whether the potential or real conflict simply be noted in the Minutes of any
41.0	relevant meeting, or
41.2	whether the Director in question, whilst being permitted to remain in the meeting
	in question, must not partake in discussions or decisions relating to such matter,
41.0	or
41.3	whether the Director in question should be required to be absent during that
	particular element of the meeting and, in terms of Article 43 of Section B, where a
	Director leaves, or is required to leave, the meeting he or she no longer forms part
	of the quorum thereat.

	QUORUM AT BOARD MEETINGS
42	The quorum for Board meetings shall be not less than 50% of all the Directors,
	provided that the Elected Directors are always in the majority at any Board meeting. No business shall be dealt with at a Board meeting unless such a quorum is present.
43	A Director shall not be counted in the quorum at a meeting (or at least the relevant
10	part thereof) in relation to a resolution on which, whether because of personal interest or otherwise, he or she is not entitled to vote.
	MEETINGS OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS
44	Meetings of the Board may take place in person or by telephone conference call, video
	conference call or by any other collective electronic means approved from time to time by the Board.
45	Not less than 14 clear days' notice in writing shall be given of any meeting of the
	Board at which a decision in relation to any of the matters referred to in Article 24 of
	Section B is to be made, which notice shall be accompanied by an agenda and any
	papers relevant to the matter to be decided. All other Board meetings shall require not
	less than 7 days' prior notice, unless all Directors agree unanimously in writing to
	dispense with such notice on any specific occasion.
46	A Director may, and on the request of a Director the Company Secretary shall
	summon a meeting of the Board by notice served upon all Directors, to take place at a
	reasonably convenient time and date.
47	The Chairman, whom failing the Vice-Chairman (if any), shall be entitled to preside
	as chairman of all Board meetings at which he or she shall be present. If at any
	meeting neither the Chairman nor the Vice-Chairman is present and willing to act as
	chairman of the meeting within 15 minutes after the time appointed for holding the meeting, the remaining Directors may appoint one of the Directors to be chairman of
	the Board meeting, which failing the meeting shall be adjourned until a time when the
	Chairman or Vice-Chairman will be available.
48	The chairman of the Board meeting shall endeavour to achieve consensus wherever
	possible but, if necessary, questions arising shall be decided by being put to the vote,
	on a show of hands only, each Director present having one vote. In the event of an
	equal number of votes for and against any resolution at a Board meeting, the
	chairman of the meeting shall have a casting vote as well as a deliberative vote.
49	The Board may delegate any of its powers to sub-committees, each consisting of not
	less than one Director and such other person or persons as it thinks fit or which it
	delegates to the committee to appoint. Any sub-committee so formed shall, in the
	exercise of the powers so delegated, conform to any remit and regulations imposed on
	it by the Board. The meetings and proceedings of any such sub-committee shall be
	governed by the provisions of these Articles for regulating the meetings and
	proceedings of the Board so far as applicable and so far as the same shall not be
	superseded by any regulations made by the Board. Such sub-committee shall
	regularly and promptly circulate, or ensure the regular and prompt circulation of, the
	minutes of its meetings to all Directors.

50	The Board shall cause minutes to be made of all appointments of officers made by it and of the proceedings of all General Meetings and of all Board meetings and of sub-
	committees, including the names of those present, and all business transacted at such
	meetings and any such minutes of any meeting, if purporting to be signed after
	approval, either by the chairman of such meeting, or by the chairman of the next
	succeeding meeting, shall be sufficient evidence without any further proof of the facts therein stated.
F1	
51	No alteration of the Articles and no direction given by Special Resolution shall
	invalidate any prior act of the Board which would have been valid if that alteration
	had not been made or that direction had not been given.
52	A resolution in writing (whether one single document signed by all or a sufficient
	majority of the Directors or all or a sufficient majority of the members of any sub-
	committee), whether in one or several documents in the same form each signed by
	one or more Directors or members of any relative sub-committee as appropriate, shall
	be as valid and effectual as if it had been passed at a meeting of the Board or of such
	sub-committee duly convened and constituted.
53	The Board may act notwithstanding any vacancy in it, but where the number of
	Directors falls below the minimum number specified in Article 28 of Section B may
	not conduct any business other than to appoint sufficient Directors to match or exceed
	that minimum.
54	The Board may invite or allow any person to attend and speak, but not to vote, at any
	meeting of the Board or of its sub-committees.
55	The Board may from time to time promulgate, review and amend any Ancillary
	Regulations, Guidelines and/or Policies, subordinate at all times to these Articles, as
	it deems necessary and appropriate to provide additional explanation, guidance and
	governance to members.
	COMPANY SECRETARY, MINUTE SECRETARY, TREASURER and PRINCIPAL
	OFFICER
56	The Board shall appoint a Company Secretary for such term and upon such
	conditions as it may think fit. The Company Secretary may be removed by the Board
	at any time.
57	The Board may appoint a Minute Secretary, for the purposes of Article 50 of Section B,
	for such term, at such remuneration (if any), and upon such conditions as it may think
	fit. The Minute Secretary may be removed by the Board at any time.
58	The Board may appoint a Treasurer for such term and upon such conditions as it may
	think fit. The Treasurer may be removed by the Board at any time. Whilst in post, the
	Treasurer may be required to attend (but shall have no vote at) Board meetings
	during his or her tenure as Treasurer, except any part or parts thereof dealing with his
	or her employment or remuneration, or any other matter which the Board wish to
	keep confidential to itself.
59	The Board may appoint a Principal Officer of the Company on such terms (including
	a decision on the most appropriate job title) and conditions as it may think fit, who
	shall attend Board and Sub-Committee meetings as appropriate or required, but
	without any vote thereat.
	HONORARY PATRON(S)

The Ordinary Members in General Meeting may, on a proposal from the Board, agree 60 to the appointment of one or more Honorary Patrons of the Company, who would be appointed either for such fixed period as the Ordinary Members determine or for an unspecified period until such appointment be terminated by them. The Honorary Patron or Patrons are entitled to notice of all General Meetings and to attend and contribute to discussion but not vote thereat. **FINANCES** The banking account or accounts of the Company shall be kept in such bank or 61 building society and/or banks or building societies as the Board shall from time to time determine. All cheques and other negotiable instruments, and all receipts for monies paid to the 62 Company, shall be signed, drawn, accepted, endorsed or otherwise executed, as the case may be, in such manner as the Board shall from time to time by resolution determine. 63 The Board shall ensure that all funds and assets of the Company are applied towards achieving the Objects. ACCOUNTS 64 The Board shall cause accounting records to be kept in accordance with the requirements of the Act and other relevant regulations. The accounting records shall be maintained by the Treasurer (if there is one) and 65 overseen by the Principal Officer (if there is one), or otherwise by, or as determined by, the Board. Such records shall be kept at such place or places as the Board shall think fit and shall always be open to the inspection of the Directors. The accounts of the Company shall be prepared in full compliance with the provisions contained in both the Act and the Land Reform Act. The Board shall ensure that an audit of the accounts is carried out by an auditor, an audit (within the meaning of the Act) shall not be required in a case where the Company is exempt (under the Act) from the arrangement to have an audit, if and to the extent that proper arrangements for the auditing of the Company's accounts are made in a manner which satisfies the requirements of the Act and section 34(1)(f) of the Land Reform Act, by a company auditor (as defined by the Act). Any such auditor shall be appointed for this task by the Board on the direction of members in General Meeting. 67 At each AGM, the Board shall provide the members with a copy of the accounts for the period since the last preceding accounting reference date or (in the case of the first account since the incorporation of the Company). The accounts shall be accompanied by proper reports of the Board and the Reporting Accountant. Copies of such accounts shall, not less than 21 clear days before the date of the General Meeting at which they fall to be approved, be delivered or sent to all members, Directors, the Company Secretary and the Reporting Accountant, or otherwise be available for inspection on the website of the Company (with all members, Directors, the Company Secretary and the Reporting Accountant being made aware that they are so available for inspection there).

NOTICES A notice may be served by the Company upon any member, either personally or by sending it by post, fax, e-mail or other appropriate electronic means, addressed to such member at his or her or its address as appearing in the Register of Members. Any notice, whether served by post or otherwise, shall be deemed to have been served on the day following that on which the letter containing the same is put into the post or is otherwise despatched. The business of the Company and all its correspondence with and notification to or from members may be conducted equally validly and effectively if transmitted by fax or e-mail or other appropriate electronic means (except where a member specifically requests all such correspondence and notification by post) or otherwise if publicised on the website of the Company where the Company has advised each member of this and has taken due steps to notify by other reasonable means all other members who state that they do not have access to the Internet. INDEMNITY Subject to the terms of the Act and without prejudice to any other indemnity, the
sending it by post, fax, e-mail or other appropriate electronic means, addressed to such member at his or her or its address as appearing in the Register of Members. Any notice, whether served by post or otherwise, shall be deemed to have been served on the day following that on which the letter containing the same is put into the post or is otherwise despatched. The business of the Company and all its correspondence with and notification to or from members may be conducted equally validly and effectively if transmitted by fax or e-mail or other appropriate electronic means (except where a member specifically requests all such correspondence and notification by post) or otherwise if publicised on the website of the Company where the Company has advised each member of this and has taken due steps to notify by other reasonable means all other members who state that they do not have access to the Internet. INDEMNITY
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Directors, or member of any sub-committee, the Company Secretary, Treasurer and all employees of the Company shall be indemnified out of the funds of the Company against any loss or liability (including the costs of defending successfully any court proceedings) which he, she or they may respectively incur or sustain, in connection with or on behalf of the Company and each of them shall be chargeable only for so much money as he or she may actually receive and they shall not be answerable for the acts, receipts, neglects or defaults of each other, but each of them for his or her own acts, receipts, neglects or defaults only.
ALTERATION TO ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION
Any alteration to these Articles may be made only upon the following conditions:
upon the decision of not less than 75% of the Ordinary Members present and voting at a General Meeting called specifically (but not necessarily exclusively) for the purpose in terms of Article 24 of Section B;
with the written consent of the Office of the Scottish Charity Regulator in confirmation that such changes shall not adversely affect the Company's recognition or registration as a Scottish charity.